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=> FIL STNGUIDE  
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=> FIL MEDLINE SCISEARCH EMBASE BIOSIS  
COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

FULL ESTIMATED COST

SINCE FILE ENTRY	TOTAL SESSION
0.06	0.27

FILE 'MEDLINE' ENTERED AT 17:44:37 ON 05 NOV 2004

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FILE 'BIOSIS' ENTERED AT 17:44:37 ON 05 NOV 2004  
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=> s carboxylesterase (p) (pain or inflammation  
L1 14 CARBOXYLESTERASE (P) (PAIN OR INFLAMMATION)

=> s carboxylesterase (p) (pain or inflammation or nociception)  
L1 14 CARBOXYLESTERASE (P) (PAIN OR INFLAMMATION OR NOCICEPTION)

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=> dup rem l1
PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L1
L2          6 DUP REM L1 (8 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
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=> d 12 1-6 bib ab

L2 ANSWER 1 OF 6 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT (c) 2004 The Thomson Corporation. on STN  
AN 2003:583350 BIOSIS Full-text

DN PREV200300573158

TI GENE EXPRESSION PROFILING OF A RAT MODEL FOR ACUTE PANCREATITIS REVEALS TRANSCRIPTIONAL CHANGES IN PERIPHERAL BLOOD LYMPHOCYTES.

AU Zhang, Hong [Reprint Author]; Bluth, Martin; Viterbo, Domenico; Lin, Yin-Yao; Malhado, Leila; Kandil, Emad; Callender, Gordon; Kevins, Matthew; Zenilman, Michael

CS Brooklyn, NY, USA

SO Digestive Disease Week Abstracts and Itinerary Planner, (2003) Vol. 2003, pp. Abstract No. M1361. e-file.

Meeting Info.: Digestive Disease 2003. FL, Orlando, USA. May 17-22, 2003.  
American Association for the Study of Liver Diseases; American  
Gastroenterological Association; American Society for Gastrointestinal  
Endoscopy; Society for Surgery of the Alimentary Tract

DT Conference; (Meeting)  
Conference: (Meeting Poster)

LA Conference; Abstract; (Meeting Abstract)  
ED English  
ED Entered STN: 10 Dec 2003  
Last Updated on STN: 10 Dec 2003  
AB Objective: To determine the biomarkers of acute pancreatitis in a rat model by studying gene transcription in peripheral blood lymphocytes (PBLs).  
Background: Pancreatic inflammation mediated by PBLs has been the hallmark of acute pancreatitis. We hypothesize that PBLs then in circulation exhibit changes in gene expression, and provide a "reporter" function that reflects the inflammatory response in pancreas of acute pancreatitis. Methods: Acute pancreatitis was induced in rats by retrograde infusion of 4% sodium taurocholate into the pancreatic duct. Peripheral blood and splenic lymphocytes were harvested from 6 rats with acute pancreatitis 24 hours after pancreatitis induction and 6 non-operated control rats. Total RNA was extracted and applied to Affymetrix GeneChip U34A, which contains 24,000 rat known genes or expressed sequence tags (ESTs). Gene expression profile was analyzed using pairwise comparison and clustering analysis. Results: Expression profiling of PBLs from 6 normal and 6 experimental rats showed that 135 genes (+ 42 ESTs) were upregulated and 96 genes (+26 ESTs) were downregulated more than 5-fold (Figure). Cluster analysis of PBLs revealed significant changes in inflammatory and signal transduction genes. Unexpectedly, important pancreatic enzyme genes such as phospholipase C-beta1, cathepsin J, lipase, carboxylesterase 3, colipase, and lysophospholipase were ectopically induced in PBLs in acute pancreatitis. Conclusion: Microarray analysis in transcript profiling of PBLs showed that genes that are critically related to pancreatic function display differential expression in acute pancreatitis suggesting that gene expression profile of PBLs may be used to determine surrogate markers in this disorder. Similarly, other differentially expressed inflammatory and signal transduction genes in PBLs may be of importance in pathogenesis of acute pancreatitis..

L2 ANSWER 2 OF 6 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 1  
AN 95291973 MEDLINE Full-text  
DN PubMed ID: 7773691  
TI Localization of an isoform of carboxylesterase in rat brain differs from that in human brain.  
AU Yamada T; Kawaguchi N; Hosokawa M; Satoh T  
CS Department of Neurology, Chiba University, Japan.  
SO Brain research, (1995 Mar 13) 674 (1) 175-9.  
Journal code: 0045503. ISSN: 0006-8993.  
CY Netherlands  
DT Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)  
LA English  
FS Priority Journals  
EM 199507  
ED Entered STN: 19950720  
Last Updated on STN: 19950720  
Entered Medline: 19950711  
AB Liver carboxylesterase (CE) is an enzyme capable of metabolizing drugs, and may also function as a regulator of lipid metabolism. We examined two isoforms of CE (RH1 and RL1) by immunohistochemistry in rat brain. The anti-RL1 antibody did not stain any brain structures. The anti-RH1 antibody, however, stained oligodendrocytes in all brain tissues and tanycytes, as well as some neurons in the deep cingulate gyrus, various hypothalamic nuclei and the spinal trigeminal nucleus. In the central nervous system, rat CE may function as a protective factor against foreign chemicals in these glial and neuronal cells. The distribution differed from that of the homologous human isoform which has been previously found only in endothelial cells in human

brain. A possible relation between RH1 positive neurons and the medial pain system is discussed.

L2 ANSWER 3 OF 6 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 2  
AN 92302996 MEDLINE Full-text  
DN PubMed ID: 1609417  
TI A physiologically based pharmacokinetic and pharmacodynamic model to describe the oral dosing of rats with ethyl acrylate and its implications for risk assessment.  
AU Frederick C B; Potter D W; Chang-Mateu M I; Andersen M E  
CS Toxicology Department, Rohm and Haas Company, Spring House, Pennsylvania 19477.  
SO Toxicology and applied pharmacology, (1992 Jun) 114 (2) 246-60.  
Journal code: 0416575. ISSN: 0041-008X.  
CY United States  
DT Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)  
LA English  
FS Priority Journals  
EM 199207  
ED Entered STN: 19920731  
Last Updated on STN: 19970203  
Entered Medline: 19920723  
AB A physiologically based pharmacokinetic and pharmacodynamic model has been developed to describe the absorption, distribution, and metabolism of orally dosed ethyl acrylate. The model describes the metabolism of ethyl acrylate in 14 tissues based on in vitro metabolic studies conducted with tissue homogenates. The routes of metabolism included in the model are carboxylesterase-catalyzed ester hydrolysis, conjugation with glutathione, and binding to protein. To adequately describe the rate and extent of glutathione depletion following gavage dosing, the steady-state rate of glutathione synthesis in the organs of interest was included. In vivo validation of the model was conducted by comparing the predictions of the model to the results of a variety of gavage dosing experiments with ethyl acrylate, including (1) the time course of glutathione depletion in a variety of tissues up to 98 hr following dosing at three dose levels, (2) the rate and extent of radiolabeled carbon dioxide excretion, and (3) protein binding in the forestomach. The very rapid metabolism predicted by the model was consistent with the observation that ethyl acrylate was metabolized too rapidly in vivo to be detected by common analytical techniques for tissue metabolite analysis. The validation data indicated that the model provides a reasonable description of the pharmacokinetics and the pharmacodynamic response of specific rat tissues following gavage dosing of ethyl acrylate. A dose surrogate, or measure of delivered dose, for ethyl acrylate was calculated and correlated with the incidence and severity of contact site toxicity (edema, inflammation, ulceration, and hyperplasia). The model provides a quantitative tool for evaluating exposure scenarios for their potential to induce contact-site toxicity, and it provides a quantitative approach for understanding the lack of toxicity in tissues remote from the dosing site.

L2 ANSWER 4 OF 6 SCISEARCH COPYRIGHT (c) 2004 The Thomson Corporation. on STN  
AN 91:117039 SCISEARCH Full-text  
GA The Genuine Article (R) Number: EY751  
TI ESTERASE-ACTIVITY IN RAT HEPATOCYTES  
AU WILLIAMS F M (Reprint); MUTCH E; BLAIN P G  
CS UNIV NEWCASTLE UPON TYNE, SCH MED, DIV ENVIRONM & OCCUPAT MED, TOXICOL UNIT, NEWCASTLE TYNE NE2 4HH, ENGLAND (Reprint)  
CYA ENGLAND

SO BIOCHEMICAL PHARMACOLOGY, (1991) Vol. 41, No. 4, pp. 527-531.  
DT Article; Journal  
FS LIFE  
LA ENGLISH  
REC Reference Count: 17  
\*ABSTRACT IS AVAILABLE IN THE ALL AND IALL FORMATS\*  
AB Hydrolysis of acetylsalicylate, benorylate, phenetsal, fluazifop butyl and paraoxon has been studied with freshly isolated rat hepatocytes maintained as a monolayer. Acetylsalicylate and paraoxon were the poorest substrates for hydrolysis whereas benorylate was hydrolysed one hundred times faster. Phenetsal and fluazifop butyl were both hydrolysed at one-tenth of the rate of benorylate. Inhibitor studies with paraoxon, BNPP and physostigmine indicated the involvement of different carboxylesterase isozymes. Studies with acetylsalicylate indicated that uptake of the substrate into the hepatocyte may influence the rate of formation of the hydrolysis product. Studies of hydrolysis in hepatocytes more closely reflect in vivo hepatic hydrolysis than subcellular fractions as cytosolic and microsomal esterases can act in parallel.

L2 ANSWER 5 OF 6 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 3  
AN 88167442 MEDLINE Full-text  
DN PubMed ID: 2832231  
TI Pathological and biochemical effects of dimethyl hydrogen phosphite in Fischer 344 rats.  
AU Nomeir A A; Uraih L C  
CS Toxicology Research and Testing Program, National Institute of Environmental Health Sciences, Research Triangle Park, North Carolina 27709.  
SO Fundamental and applied toxicology : official journal of the Society of Toxicology, (1988 Jan) 10 (1) 114-24.  
Journal code: 8200838. ISSN: 0272-0590.  
CY United States  
DT Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)  
LA English  
FS Priority Journals  
EM 198804  
ED Entered STN: 19900308  
Last Updated on STN: 19900308  
Entered Medline: 19880426  
AB In a chronic study by the National Toxicology Program (NTP), dimethyl hydrogen phosphite (DMHP) caused neoplastic and nonneoplastic changes in the lungs and forestomach of F344/N rats following gavage administration for 2 years. The current investigation was designed to study the effect of a short-term exposure on a series of biochemical systems in target and nontarget tissues which may be involved in the metabolism and/or the manifestation of DMHP toxicity. Rats were treated daily with a dose similar to that used in the NTP study (200 mg/kg) for 4, 5, or 6 weeks. Two groups of animals were also treated for 4 weeks and then treatment was discontinued and the rats were allowed to recover for 1 or 2 weeks. An equal number of animals was treated similarly with the vehicle and used as control. The microsomal and soluble fractions were separated from liver, lungs, kidneys, forestomach, and glandular stomach from the 6-week treatment group. Another group of rats treated for 6 weeks was prepared for pathology examination of the lungs, forestomach, and glandular stomach. There was a significant increase in the weight of the forestomach of rats treated for 4, 5, or 6 weeks relative to control animals, while no significant difference was observed in the weight of liver, lungs, kidneys, and glandular stomach. The forestomach weight of rats treated for 4 weeks returned to the control value after 1 week of recovery. Microscopic examination of the forestomach of rats treated for 6 weeks

revealed a thickened stratified squamous epithelium characterized by hyperplasia, hyperkeratosis, and subepithelial inflammation and edema. There were no microscopic changes in the lungs or glandular stomach of animals treated for 6 weeks. The activity of angiotensin converting enzyme in the serum of rats treated for 4, 5, or 6 weeks was significantly increased over that of control animals. The activity of this enzyme returned to near levels seen in the control animals after 1 week of recovery following 4 weeks of treatment. No treatment-related effect was observed in the activities of the microsomal p-nitroanisole demethylase, soluble glutathione S-transferase, and soluble superoxide dismutase in the five tissues studied. There was a significant increase in the level of nonprotein soluble sulphydryls in the forestomach but in no other tissue of rats treated for 6 weeks. Also the activity of soluble carboxylesterase was significantly reduced in the lungs and forestomach, but not in any other tissue of the 6-week-treated rats. (ABSTRACT TRUNCATED AT 400 WORDS)

L2 ANSWER 6 OF 6 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 4  
AN 87277036 MEDLINE Full-text.  
DN PubMed ID: 3609541  
TI The disposition and metabolism of acrylic acid and ethyl acrylate in male Sprague-Dawley rats.  
AU deBethizy J D; Udinsky J R; Scribner H E; Frederick C B  
SO Fundamental and applied toxicology : official journal of the Society of Toxicology, (1987 May) 8 (4) 549-61.  
Journal code: 8200838. ISSN: 0272-0590.  
CY United States  
DT Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)  
LA English  
FS Priority Journals  
EM 198708  
ED Entered STN: 19900305  
Last Updated on STN: 19900305  
Entered Medline: 19870828  
AB Following oral dosing of [2,3-14C]acrylic acid (AA; 4, 40, or 400 mg/kg) and [2,3-14C]ethyl acrylate (EA; 2, 20, or 200 mg/kg), the dosed radioactivity was rapidly excreted, with 50-75% of the dose for both compounds eliminated within 24 hr. The primary excretory metabolite for both compounds is carbon dioxide, accounting for 44-68% of the dose. HPLC analysis of the urine of AA- and EA-dosed animals indicated the presence of 3-hydroxypropionic acid. The detection of this metabolite suggests the incorporation of AA into propionic acid metabolism and may explain the rapid evolution of carbon dioxide from AA and EA. HPLC analysis of urine from EA-dosed rats revealed the presence of two metabolites derived from glutathione conjugation, N-acetyl-S-(carboxyethyl)cysteine and N-acetyl-S-(carboxyethyl)cysteine ethyl ester. The excretion of the N-acetyl cysteine derivatives of EA, expressed as a percentage of the dosed compound, decreased in a dose-dependent manner that may be attributed to the depletion of glutathione in organs primarily responsible for glutathione conjugation. No significant decrease in hepatic nonprotein sulphydryl (NPSH) content was observed following oral dosing with EA at 2-200 mg/kg. However, the depletion of NPSH content at the dosing site, forestomach, and glandular stomach, decreased significantly between 0.02 and 0.2% EA in the dose solution (2 and 20 mg/kg). This observation would suggest that the dosing site represents a significant site of conjugation for relatively low doses of EA. Treatment with the carboxylesterase inhibitor, tri-o-cresyl phosphate (TOCP), 18 hr prior to acrylate dosing potentiated the depletion of hepatic nonprotein sulphydryls, emphasizing the dominance of hydrolysis as a systemic detoxifying mode in this species. In contrast to EA, AA did not significantly decrease NPSH content in the liver, blood, or forestomach at oral doses of less than 8% AA in the dose solution (400 mg/kg),

although a significant depletion of NPSH was observed in the glandular stomach at doses greater than 0.08% (4 mg/kg). No conjugation involving the double bond of AA could be detected in in vitro reactions with glutathione or in the in vivo metabolites, suggesting a secondary effect of AA on NPSH content in these organs. The weights of the forestomach and glandular stomach increased with AA dose, reflecting gross edema and inflammation. With EA this effect on organ weight was only demonstrated in the forestomach, and the response was increased when hydrolysis of EA was inhibited with TOCP. (ABSTRACT TRUNCATED AT 400 WORDS)

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---Logging off of STN---

STN INTERNATIONAL LOGOFF AT 17:46:28 ON 05 NOV 2004

L Number	Hits	Search Text	DB	Time stamp
1	536	carboxylesterase	USPAT; US-PGPUB; EPO; DERWENT	2004/11/05 17:37
2	147867	pain or inflammation or nociception	USPAT; US-PGPUB; EPO; DERWENT	2004/11/05 17:37
3	342	(kapeller\$libermann or silos\$santiago).in.	USPAT; US-PGPUB; EPO; DERWENT	2004/11/05 17:39
4	10	carboxylesterase and (pain or inflammation or nociception) and ((kapeller\$libermann or silos\$santiago).in.)	USPAT; US-PGPUB; EPO; DERWENT	2004/11/05 17:39

East Search 11/5/2004

US 20040197825 A1	US-PGPUB	20041007	Methods and compositions for treating urological disorders using 44390, 54181, 211, 5687, 884, 1405, 636, 4421, 5410, 30905, 2045, 16405, 18560, 2047, 33751, 52872, 14063, 20739, 32544, 43239, 44373, 51164, 53010, 16852, 1587, 2207, 22245, 2387, 52908, 69112, 14990, 18547, 115, 579, 15985, 15625, 760, 18603, 2395, 2554, 8675, 32720, 4809, 14303, 16816, 17827, 32620, 577, 619, 1423, 2158, 8263, 15402, 16209, 16386, 21165, 30911, 41897, 1643, 2543, 9626, 13231, 32409, 84260, 2882, 8203, 32678, or 55053
US 20040086922 A1	US-PGPUB	20040506	53010, a novel human carboxylesterase family member and uses thereof Novel 13237, 18480, 2245, 16228, 7677, 26320, 46619, 33166, 16836, 46867, 21617, 55562, 39228, 62088, 46745, 23155, 21657, 42755, 322229, 22325, 46863 and 32252 molecules and uses therefor
US 200400333509 A1	US-PGPUB	20040219	Methods of using 18903 to treat pain and pain-related disorders 21956 and 25856, novel human aminopeptidases and uses thereof
	US-PGPUB	20030904	46694, a human alpha/beta hydrolase family member and uses thereof Novel human 39228, 21956, 25856, 22244, 8701, 32263, 50250, 55158, 47765, 62088, 50566, and 48118 molecules and uses therefor
	US-PGPUB	20030904	53010, a novel human carboxylesterase family member and uses thereof
	US-PGPUB	20030529	53010, a human carboxylesterase family member and uses thereof
	US-PGPUB	20030327	Novel isolated human carboxylesterase-2 family member polypeptide, 18903, useful for treating inflammatory disorders, pain disorders, tumor and cancer
US 20020182636 A1	US-PGPUB	20021205	
US 6664091 B2	USPAT	20031216	
WO 200244357 A	DERWENT	20040331	

Day : Friday  
Date: 11/5/2004

Time: 17:31:40

**PALM INTRANET****Inventor Name Search Result**

Your Search was:

Last Name = KAPELLER-LIBERMANN

First Name = ROSANA

Application#	Patent#	Status	Date Filed	Title	Inventor Name 51
<a href="#">60339986</a>	Not Issued	159	12/10/2001	26481, HUMAN ADENYLYATE KINASE FAMILY MEMBER AND USES THEREFOR	KAPELLER-LIBERMANN, ROSANA
<a href="#">60338690</a>	Not Issued	159	10/24/2001	69583 AND 85924, NOVEL HUMAN PROTEIN KINASE FAMILY MEMBERS AND USES THEREFOR	KAPELLER-LIBERMANN, ROSANA
<a href="#">60226740</a>	Not Issued	159	08/21/2000	15985, A NOVEL HUMAN SERINE/THREONINE PROTEIN KINASE FAMILY MEMBER AND USES THEREOF	KAPELLER-LIBERMANN, ROSANA
<a href="#">60226509</a>	Not Issued	159	08/21/2000	56919, A NOVEL HUMAN ACYLTRANSFERASE AND USES THEREOF	KAPELLER-LIBERMANN, ROSANA
<a href="#">60219028</a>	Not Issued	159	07/18/2000	13237,18480,2245 OR 16228 NOVEL HUMAN PROTEIN KINASE MOLECULES AND USES THEREFOR	KAPELLER-LIBERMANN, ROSANA
<a href="#">60218041</a>	Not Issued	159	07/13/2000	47885, A NOVEL HUMAN UBIQUITIN-ACTIVATING ENZYME AND USES THEREFOR	KAPELLER-LIBERMANN, ROSANA
<a href="#">60207649</a>	Not Issued	159	05/26/2000	21956 AND 25856, NOVEL HUMAN AMINOPEPTIDASES AND USES THEREOF	KAPELLER-LIBERMANN, ROSANA
<a href="#">60207506</a>	Not Issued	159	05/26/2000	50250 A NOVEL HUMAN LIPASE AND USES THEREOF	KAPELLER-LIBERMANN, ROSANA
<a href="#">60205449</a>	Not Issued	159	05/19/2000	55158, A NOVEL HUMAN CARBONIC ANHYDRASE AND USES THEREOF	KAPELLER-LIBERMANN, ROSANA
<a href="#">60205447</a>	Not Issued	159	05/19/2000	21910,NOVEL HUMAN MEMBRANE-ASSOCIATED	KAPELLER-LIBERMANN,

				GUANYLATE KINASE AND USES THEREOF 21910,NOVEL HUMAN MEMBRANE-ASSOCIATED GUANYLATE KINASE AND USES THEREOF	ROSANA
<u>60196910</u>	Not Issued	159	04/13/2000	14257 NOVEL PROTEIN KINASE MOLECULES AND USES THEREFOR	KAPELLER-LIBERMANN, ROSANA
<u>60191790</u>	Not Issued	159	03/24/2000	33338, A NOVEL HUMAN UBIQUITIN HYDROLASE-LIKE MOLECULE AND USES THEREOF	KAPELLER-LIBERMANN, ROSANA
<u>60191781</u>	Not Issued	159	03/24/2000	32451, A NOVEL HUMAN UBIQUITIN CONJUGATING ENZYME-LIKE MOLECULE AND USES THEREOF	KAPELLER-LIBERMANN, ROSANA
<u>60182096</u>	Not Issued	159	02/11/2000	14171 PROTEIN KINASE, A NOVEL HUMAN PROTEIN KINASE AND USES THEREOF	KAPELLER-LIBERMANN, ROSANA
<u>60182059</u>	Not Issued	159	02/11/2000	NOVEL HUMAN PROTEIN KINASES AND USES THEREFOR	KAPELLER-LIBERMANN, ROSANA
<u>60181705</u>	Not Issued	159	02/10/2000	27802, A NOVEL ADENYLYLATE KINASE	KAPELLER-LIBERMANN, ROSANA
<u>60181297</u>	Not Issued	159	02/09/2000	13242 PROTEIN KINASE, A NOVEL HUMAN PROTEIN KINASE AND USES THEREOF	KAPELLER-LIBERMANN, ROSANA
<u>10649156</u>	Not Issued	020	08/27/2003	NOVEL HUMAN PROTEIN KINASES AND USES THEREFOR	KAPELLER-LIBERMANN, ROSANA
<u>10458839</u>	Not Issued	030	06/11/2003	METHODS FOR USING 22045, A HUMAN CYCLIC NUCLEOTIDE PHOSPHODIESTERASE	KAPELLER-LIBERMANN, ROSANA
<u>10423543</u>	Not Issued	040	04/25/2003	NOVEL 21910, 56634, 55053, 2504, 15977, 14760, 25501, 17903, 3700, 21529, 26176, 26343, 56638, 18610, 33217, 21967, H1983, M1983, 38555 OR 593 MOLECULES AND USES THEREFOR	KAPELLER-LIBERMANN, ROSANA
<u>10410764</u>	Not Issued	030	04/10/2003	NOVEL 26199, 33530, 33949, 47148, 50226, 58764, 62113, 32144, 32235, 23565, 13305, 14911, 86216, 25206 AND 8843	KAPELLER-LIBERMANN, ROSANA

				MOLECULES AND USES THEREFOR	
<u>10403745</u>	Not Issued	030	03/31/2003	NOVEL HUMAN LIPASE PROTEINS, NUCLEIC ACIDS ENCODING THEM, AND USES OF BOTH OF THESE	KAPELLER-LIBERMANN, ROSANA
<u>10391364</u>	Not Issued	030	03/18/2003	NOVEL 27877, 18080, 14081, 32140, 50352, 16658, 14223, 16002, 50566, 65552 AND 65577 MOLECULES AND USES THEREFOR	KAPELLER-LIBERMANN, ROSANA
<u>10377097</u>	Not Issued	030	02/28/2003	NOVEL 13237, 18480, 2245, 16228, 7677, 26320, 46619, 33166, 16836, 46867, 21617, 55562, 39228, 62088, 46745, 23155, 21657, 42755, 32229, 22325, 46863 AND 32252 MOLECULES AND USES THEREFOR	KAPELLER-LIBERMANN, ROSANA
<u>10370959</u>	Not Issued	030	02/20/2003	NOVEL 13237, 18480, 2245, 16228, 7677, 26320, 46619, 33166, 16836, 46867, 21617, 55562, 39228, 62088, 46745, 23155, 21657, 42755, 32229, 22325, 46863 AND 32252 MOLECULES AND USES THEREFOR	KAPELLER-LIBERMANN, ROSANA
<u>10192207</u>	Not Issued	041	07/10/2002	22196, A NOVEL HUMAN AMINOPEPTIDASE	KAPELLER-LIBERMANN, ROSANA
<u>10176306</u>	Not Issued	041	06/20/2002	NOVEL HUMAN GENES AND METHODS OF USE THEREOF	KAPELLER-LIBERMANN, ROSANA
<u>10170789</u>	Not Issued	041	06/13/2002	NOVEL HUMAN PROTEIN KINASE, PHOSPHATASE, AND PROTEASE FAMILY MEMBERS AND USES THEREOF	KAPELLER-LIBERMANN, ROSANA
<u>10165800</u>	Not Issued	092	06/07/2002	NOVEL NUCLEIC ACID SEQUENCES ENCODING ADENYLATE KINASE, PHOSPHOLIPID SCRAMBLASE-LIKE, DNA FRAGMENTATION FACTOR-LIKE, PHOSPHATIDYL SERINE SYNTHASE-LIKE, AND ATPASE-LIKE MOLECULES	KAPELLER-LIBERMANN, ROSANA

				AND USES THEREFOR	
<u>10165231</u>	Not Issued	019	06/06/2002	NOVEL NUCLEIC ACID SEQUENCES ENCODING ADENYLYLATE KINASES, ALCOHOL DEHYDROGENASES, UBIQUITIN PROTEASES, LIPASES, ADENYLYLATE CYCLASES, AND GTPASE ACTIVATORS	KAPELLER-LIBERMANN, ROSANA
<u>10163316</u>	Not Issued	041	06/05/2002	65552, A HUMAN MATRIX METALLOPROTEINASE AND USES THEREFOR	KAPELLER-LIBERMANN, ROSANA
<u>10162435</u>	Not Issued	083	06/04/2002	NOVEL HUMAN MEMBRANE-ASSOCIATED PROTEIN AND CELL SURFACE PROTEIN FAMILY MEMBERS	KAPELLER-LIBERMANN, ROSANA
<u>10160501</u>	Not Issued	041	05/30/2002	NOVEL HUMAN 39228, 21956, 25856, 22244, 8701, 32263, 50250, 55158, 47765, 62088, 50566, AND 48118 MOLECULES AND USES THEREFOR	KAPELLER-LIBERMANN, ROSANA
<u>10132585</u>	Not Issued	161	04/25/2002	26030, A HUMAN RHO-GAP FAMILY MEMBER AND USES THEREFOR	KAPELLER-LIBERMANN, ROSANA
<u>10121911</u>	6607892	150	04/12/2002	21529, A NOVEL ADENYLYLATE CYCLASE	KAPELLER-LIBERMANN, ROSANA
<u>10105992</u>	Not Issued	041	03/25/2002	23413, A NOVEL HUMAN UBIQUITIN PROTEASE	KAPELLER-LIBERMANN, ROSANA
<u>10098108</u>	Not Issued	041	03/13/2002	57316 AND 33338, HUMAN UBIQUITIN CARBOXYL TERMINAL HYDROLASES AND USES THEREFOR	KAPELLER-LIBERMANN, ROSANA
<u>10077130</u>	Not Issued	041	02/15/2002	59079 AND 12599, PROTEIN KINASE FAMILY MEMBERS AND USES THEREFOR	KAPELLER-LIBERMANN, ROSANA
<u>10076535</u>	Not Issued	161	02/15/2002	23565, A NOVEL HUMAN ZINC-CARBOXYPEPTIDASE FAMILY MEMBER AND USES THEREOF	KAPELLER-LIBERMANN, ROSANA
<u>10068134</u>	Not Issued	030	02/06/2002	22012, A NOVEL HUMAN CARBOXYPEPTIDASE	KAPELLER-LIBERMANN, ROSANA

<a href="#"><u>10056744</u></a>	Not Issued	161	01/25/2002	58860, A HUMAN CHOLESTERYL ESTER HYDROLASE AND USES THEREFOR	KAPELLER-LIBERMANN, ROSANA
<a href="#"><u>10056253</u></a>	Not Issued	161	01/24/2002	2786, A NOVEL HUMAN AMINOPEPTIDASE	KAPELLER-LIBERMANN, ROSANA
<a href="#"><u>09644929</u></a>	Not Issued	161	08/23/2000	26320, A NOVEL HUMAN N-ACETYLTRANSFERASE FAMILY MEMBER AND USES THEREOF	KAPELLER-LIBERMANN, ROSANA
<a href="#"><u>09644450</u></a>	6383791	150	08/23/2000	NOVEL MOLECULES OF THE HKID-1-RELATED PROTEIN FAMILY AND USES THEREOF	KAPELLER-LIBERMANN, ROSANA
<a href="#"><u>09461076</u></a>	Not Issued	161	12/14/1999	25678, A NOVEL HUMAN ADENYLYLATE CYCLASE	KAPELLER-LIBERMANN, ROSANA
<a href="#"><u>09443795</u></a>	6383780	150	11/19/1999	2786, A NOVEL HUMAN AMINOPEPTIDASE	KAPELLER-LIBERMANN, ROSANA
<a href="#"><u>09435311</u></a>	Not Issued	161	11/05/1999	18892, A NOVEL HUMAN LIPASE	KAPELLER-LIBERMANN, ROSANA
<a href="#"><u>09434613</u></a>	6337187	150	11/05/1999	18891, A NOVEL HUMAN LIPASE	KAPELLER-LIBERMANN, ROSANA
<a href="#"><u>09420190</u></a>	6673564	150	10/18/1999	METHODS FOR USING 22045, A HUMAN CYCLIC NUCLEOTIDE PHOSPHODIESTERASE	KAPELLER-LIBERMANN, ROSANA
<a href="#"><u>09412210</u></a>	6403358	150	10/05/1999	21529, A NOVEL ADENYLYLATE CYCLASE	KAPELLER-LIBERMANN, ROSANA
<a href="#"><u>09411132</u></a>	6558936	150	10/01/1999	NOVEL HUMAN LIPASE PROTEINS, NUCLEIC ACIDS ENCODING THEM, AND USES OF BOTH OF THESE	KAPELLER-LIBERMANN, ROSANA

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First Name = INMACULADA

Application#	Patent#	Status	Date Filed	Title	Inventor Name 51
<a href="#">60506332</a>	Not Issued	159	09/26/2003	METHODS AND COMPOSITIONS FOR TREATING UROLOGICAL DISORDERS USING 2882, 8203, 32678 OR 55053	SILOS-SANTIAGO, INMACULADA
<a href="#">60491156</a>	Not Issued	159	07/30/2003	METHODS AND COMPOSITIONS FOR TREATING UROLOGICAL DISORDERS USING 14303, 16816, 17827, 32620, 577, 619, 1423, 2158, 8263, 15402, 16209, 16386, 21165, 30911, OR 41897	SILOS-SANTIAGO, INMACULADA
<a href="#">60491048</a>	Not Issued	159	07/30/2003	METHODS AND COMPOSITIONS IN TREATING PAIN AND PAINFUL DISORDERS USING 14303, 16816, 17827 AND 32620	SILOS-SANTIAGO, INMACULADA
<a href="#">60478805</a>	Not Issued	159	06/16/2003	METHODS AND COMPOSITIONS IN TREATING PAIN AND PAINFUL DISORDERS USING 85913	SILOS-SANTIAGO, INMACULADA
<a href="#">60471614</a>	Not Issued	159	05/19/2003	METHODS AND COMPOSITIONS FOR TREATING UROLOGICAL DISORDERS USING 15985, 15625 OR 760	SILOS-SANTIAGO, INMACULADA
<a href="#">60468775</a>	Not Issued	159	05/08/2003	METHODS AND COMPOSITIONS FOR TREATING UROLOGICAL DISORDERS USING 115 OR 579	SILOS-SANTIAGO, INMACULADA
<a href="#">60457901</a>	Not	159	03/27/2003	METHODS AND	SILOS-SANTIAGO,

	Issued			COMPOSITIONS FOR TREATING UROLOGICAL DISORDERS USING 636,4421, 5410, 30905, 2045, 16405, 18560, 2047, 33751, 52872, 14063, 20739, 32544, 43239, 44373, 51164, 52872, 53010, 16852, 1587, 2207, 22245, 2387, 52908, 69112, 14990 OR 18547	INMACULADA
<u>60454540</u>	Not Issued	159	03/13/2003	METHODS AND COMPOSITIONS IN TREATING PAIN AND PAINFUL DISORDERS USING 30911	SILOS-SANTIAGO, INMACULADA
<u>60444781</u>	Not Issued	159	02/04/2003	METHODS AND COMPOSITIONS IN PAIN AND PAINFUL DISORDERS USING 16386, 15402, 21165 OR 1423	SILOS-SANTIAGO, INMACULADA
<u>60374063</u>	Not Issued	159	04/19/2002	METHODS AND COMPOSITIONS FOR TREATING UROLOGICAL DISORDERS USING 641	SILOS-SANTIAGO, INMACULADA
<u>60370121</u>	Not Issued	159	04/04/2002	METHODS AND COMPOSITIONS IN TREATING PAIN AND PAINFUL DISORDERS USING 760, 62553, 12216 OR 17719	SILOS-SANTIAGO, INMACULADA
<u>60365041</u>	Not Issued	159	03/15/2002	METHODS AND COMPOSITIONS FOR TREATING UROLOGICAL DISORDERS USING 34021, 44099 OR 25278	SILOS-SANTIAGO, INMACULADA
<u>60360500</u>	Not Issued	159	02/28/2002	METHODS AND COMPOSITIONS FOR TREATING UROLOGICAL DISORDERS USING 559	SILOS-SANTIAGO, INMACULADA
<u>60360495</u>	Not Issued	159	02/28/2002	METHODS AND COMPOSITIONS FOR TREATING PAIN AND PAINFUL DISORDERS USING 9949 OR 14230	SILOS-SANTIAGO, INMACULADA
<u>60349511</u>	Not Issued	159	01/18/2002	METHODS AND COMPOSITIONS FOR TREATING UROLOGICAL DISORDERS USING 1435	SILOS-SANTIAGO, INMACULADA
<u>60341953</u>	Not Issued	159	12/19/2001	METHODS AND COMPOSITIONS IN	SILOS-SANTIAGO, INMACULADA

				TREATING PAIN AND PAINFUL DISORDERS USING 1465, 1587, 2146, 2207, 32838, 336, AND 52908	
<a href="#"><u>60341631</u></a>	Not Issued	159	12/17/2001	METHODS AND COMPOSITIONS FOR TREATING UROLOGICAL DISORDERS USING 1421 AND 14381	SILOS-SANTIAGO, INMACULADA
<a href="#"><u>60335046</u></a>	Not Issued	159	10/31/2001	METHODS AND COMPOSITIONS FOR THE TREATMENT AND DIAGNOSIS OF PAIN DISORDERS USING 57749	SILOS-SANTIAGO, INMACULADA
<a href="#"><u>60333073</u></a>	Not Issued	159	11/06/2001	METHODS AND COMPOSITIONS TO TREAT PAIN AND PAINFUL DISORDERS	SILOS-SANTIAGO, INMACULADA
<a href="#"><u>60207455</u></a>	Not Issued	159	05/25/2000	NOVEL NUCLEIC ACID MOLECULES AND USES THEREFOR	SILOS-SANTIAGO, INMACULADA
<a href="#"><u>60186214</u></a>	Not Issued	159	02/29/2000	NUCLEIC ACID MOLECULES DERIVED FROM A HUMAN FETAL DORSAL SPINAL CORD LIBRARY	SILOS-SANTIAGO, INMACULADA
<a href="#"><u>60185219</u></a>	Not Issued	159	02/29/2000	NUCLEIC ACID MOLECULES DERIVED FROM HUMAN BRAIN AND SPINAL CORD LIBRARIES	SILOS-SANTIAGO, INMACULADA
<a href="#"><u>60183729</u></a>	Not Issued	159	02/22/2000	NUCLEIC ACID MOLECULES DERIVED FROM A HUMAN SPINAL CORD LIBRARY	SILOS-SANTIAGO, INMACULADA
<a href="#"><u>60151064</u></a>	Not Issued	159	08/27/1999	NOVEL NUCLEIC ACID MOLECULES AND USES THEREFOR	SILOS-SANTIAGO, INMACULADA
<a href="#"><u>60147937</u></a>	Not Issued	159	08/09/1999	NOVEL NUCLEIC ACID MOLECULES AND USES THEREFOR	SILOS-SANTIAGO, INMACULADA
<a href="#"><u>60147936</u></a>	Not Issued	159	08/09/1999	NOVEL NUCLEIC ACID MOLECULES AND USES THEREFOR	SILOS-SANTIAGO, INMACULADA
<a href="#"><u>10435828</u></a>	Not Issued	030	05/12/2003	43239, A NOVEL GPCR-LIKE MOLECULE AND USES THEREOF	SILOS-SANTIAGO, INMACULADA
<a href="#"><u>10423543</u></a>	Not Issued	040	04/25/2003	NOVEL 21910, 56634, 55053, 2504, 15977, 14760, 25501,	SILOS-SANTIAGO, INMACULADA

				17903, 3700, 21529, 26176, 26343, 56638, 18610, 33217, 21967, H1983, M1983, 38555 OR 593 MOLECULES AND USES THEREFOR	
<u>10407079</u>	Not Issued	030	04/03/2003	NOVEL 18636, 2466, 43238, 1983, 52881, 2398, 45449, 50289, 52872 AND 26908 MOLECULES AND USES THEREFOR	SILOS-SANTIAGO, INMACULADA
<u>10404618</u>	Not Issued	030	04/01/2003	NOVEL 15571, 2465, 14266, 2882, 52871, 8203 AND 16852 MOLECULES AND USES THEREFOR	SILOS-SANTIAGO, INMACULADA
<u>10391399</u>	Not Issued	030	03/18/2003	NOVEL 18607, 15603, 69318, 12303, 48000, 52920, 5433, 38554, 57301, 58324, 55063, 52991, 59914, 59921 AND 33751 MOLECULES AND USES THEREFOR	SILOS-SANTIAGO, INMACULADA
<u>10385760</u>	Not Issued	030	03/11/2003	METHODS OF USING TRANSPORTER-LIKE MOLECULES TO TREAT PAIN AND PAIN-RELATED DISORDERS	SILOS-SANTIAGO, INMACULADA
<u>10369022</u>	Not Issued	030	02/19/2003	METHODS AND COMPOSITIONS IN TREATING PAIN AND PAINFUL DISORDERS USING 9949, 14230, 760, 62553, 12216, 17719, 41897, 47174, 33408, 10002, 16209, 314, 636, 27410, 33260, 619, 15985, 69112, 2158, 224, 615, 44373, 95431, 22245, 2387, 16658, 55054, 16314, 1613, 1675, 9569 OR 13424 MOLECULES	SILOS-SANTIAGO, INMACULADA
<u>10325430</u>	Not Issued	030	12/19/2002	METHODS AND COMPOSITIONS IN TREATING PAIN AND PAINFUL DISORDERS USING 1465, 1587, 2146, 2207, 32838, 336 AND 52908	SILOS-SANTIAGO, INMACULADA
<u>10192207</u>	Not Issued	041	07/10/2002	22196, A NOVEL HUMAN AMINOPEPTIDASE	SILOS-SANTIAGO, INMACULADA
<u>10191398</u>	Not Issued	161	07/09/2002	87144, HUMAN AMINO ACID TRANSPORTER FAMILY	SILOS-SANTIAGO, INMACULADA

				MEMBER AND USES THEREFOR	
<u>10162102</u>	Not Issued	030	06/04/2002	NOVEL HUMAN ION CHANNEL AND TRANSPORTER FAMILY MEMBERS	SILOS-SANTIAGO, INMACULADA
<u>10145586</u>	Not Issued	030	05/14/2002	NOVEL G PROTEIN-COUPLED RECEPTOR FAMILY MEMBERS, HUMAN THIOREDOXIN FAMILY MEMBERS, HUMAN LEUCINE-RICH REPEAT FAMILY MEMBERS, AND HUMAN RINGFINGER FAMILY MEMBER	SILOS-SANTIAGO, INMACULADA
<u>10023673</u>	Not Issued	041	12/17/2001	NT69, A NOVEL NUCLEOSIDE TRANSPORTER FAMILY MEMBER AND USES THEREFOR	SILOS-SANTIAGO, INMACULADA
<u>10023515</u>	6664091	150	12/18/2001	53010, A HUMAN CARBOXYLESTERASE FAMILY MEMBER AND USES THEREOF	SILOS-SANTIAGO, INMACULADA
<u>10000273</u>	6573057	150	11/02/2001	METHODS OF USING TRANSPORTER-LIKE MOLECULES TO TREAT PAIN AND PAIN-RELATED DISORDERS	SILOS-SANTIAGO, INMACULADA
<u>09964008</u>	Not Issued	071	09/26/2001	15625 RECEPTOR, A NOVEL G-PROTEIN COUPLED RECEPTOR	SILOS-SANTIAGO, INMACULADA
<u>09928530</u>	Not Issued	161	08/13/2001	32620, A NOVEL HUMAN SODIUM-SUGAR SYMPORTER FAMILY MEMBER AND USES THEREOF	SILOS-SANTIAGO, INMACULADA
<u>09796338</u>	Not Issued	161	02/28/2001	1983, 52881, 2398, 45449, 50289, AND 52872, NOVEL G PROTEIN-COUPLED RECEPTORS AND USES THEREFOR	SILOS-SANTIAGO, INMACULADA
<u>09795152</u>	Not Issued	160	02/28/2001	NOVEL NUCLEIC ACID MOLECULES AND USES THEREFOR	SILOS-SANTIAGO, INMACULADA
<u>09781880</u>	Not Issued	161	02/12/2001	NOVEL SEVEN-TRANSMEMBRANE PROTEINS/G-PROTEIN	SILOS-SANTIAGO, INMACULADA

				COUPLED RECEPTORS	
<a href="#"><u>09716472</u></a>	Not Issued	161	11/20/2000	NOVEL NUCLEIC ACID MOLECULES AND USES THEREFOR	SILOS-SANTIAGO, INMACULADA
<a href="#"><u>09699997</u></a>	Not Issued	161	10/30/2000	NOVEL NUCLEIC ACID MOLECULES AND USES THEREFOR	SILOS-SANTIAGO, INMACULADA
<a href="#"><u>09644873</u></a>	Not Issued	160	08/28/2000	NOVEL NUCLEIC ACID MOLECULES AND USES THEREFOR	SILOS-SANTIAGO, INMACULADA
<a href="#"><u>09637888</u></a>	Not Issued	160	08/09/2000	NOVEL NUCLEIC ACID MOLECULES AND USES THEREFOR	SILOS-SANTIAGO, INMACULADA
<a href="#"><u>09561763</u></a>	6664373	150	04/28/2000	NOVEL POTASSIUM CHANNEL MOLECULES AND USES THEREFOR	SILOS-SANTIAGO, INMACULADA

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